The Pine Barrens John McPhee

The Pine Barrens of New Jersey is a vast and mysterious wilderness that has been the subject of folklore, literature, and scientific study for centuries. Covering over 1 million acres, the Pine Barrens is a unique ecosystem that is home to a diverse array of plants and animals, as well as a rich human history.

The Landscape of the Pine Barrens

The Pine Barrens is a region of rolling hills, deep forests, and sparkling lakes. The landscape is dominated by pine trees, which give the region its name. However, there are also a variety of other trees, including oaks, maples, and birches. The Pine Barrens is also home to a variety of shrubs, wildflowers, and ferns.

The Pine Barrens is a relatively flat region, with an average elevation of only about 100 feet above sea level. However, there are a few hills that rise to over 200 feet, including Mount Misery, the highest point in the Pine Barrens.



The Pine Barrens by John McPhee

4.6 out of 5

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Text-to-Speech : Enabled

Screen Reader : Supported

Enhanced typesetting : Enabled

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Print length : 170 pages



The Pine Barrens is a region of wetlands, with over 1,000 lakes and ponds. The largest lake in the Pine Barrens is Lakehurst, which covers over 1,000 acres. The Pine Barrens is also home to a number of rivers and streams, including the Mullica River, the Wading River, and the Toms River.

The Plants and Animals of the Pine Barrens

The Pine Barrens is home to a diverse array of plants and animals. The region is known for its carnivorous plants, including the pitcher plant, the sundew, and the Venus flytrap. The Pine Barrens is also home to a variety of reptiles, amphibians, birds, and mammals.

Some of the most common animals in the Pine Barrens include white-tailed deer, wild turkeys, black bears, and bobcats. The Pine Barrens is also home to a number of endangered species, including the bald eagle, the peregrine falcon, and the osprey.

The Human History of the Pine Barrens

The Pine Barrens has been inhabited by humans for thousands of years. The region was first settled by Native Americans, who lived in the Pine Barrens for centuries. The first European settlers arrived in the Pine Barrens in the 17th century.

The early European settlers in the Pine Barrens were primarily farmers and fishermen. However, the Pine Barrens was also known for its abundance of timber, and logging became a major industry in the region. The Pine

Barrens was also a major source of iron ore, and several iron furnaces were built in the region.

In the 19th century, the Pine Barrens became a popular destination for tourists. The region's natural beauty and its rich history attracted visitors from all over the world. The Pine Barrens was also a popular destination for hunters and fishermen.

Today, the Pine Barrens is a popular destination for hiking, biking, camping, and kayaking. The region is also home to a number of historic sites, including the Batsto Village Historic Site, the Wharton State Forest, and the Edwin B. Forsythe National Wildlife Refuge.

The Folklore of the Pine Barrens

The Pine Barrens is a place of mystery and legend. The region is home to a number of ghost stories, tales of lost treasures, and stories of strange creatures.

One of the most famous legends of the Pine Barrens is the story of the Jersey Devil. The Jersey Devil is said to be a flying creature with a horse's head, a goat's body, and a bat's wings. The Jersey Devil is said to have been born in the Pine Barrens in the 18th century, and it is said to still haunt the region today.

Another popular legend of the Pine Barrens is the story of the Pine Barrens Black. The Pine Barrens Black is said to be a phantom dog that roams the Pine Barrens. The Pine Barrens Black is said to be a large, black dog with glowing red eyes. The Pine Barrens Black is said to be a harbinger of bad

luck, and it is said that anyone who sees the Pine Barrens Black will soon die.

The Literature of the Pine Barrens

The Pine Barrens has been the setting for a number of works of literature. One of the most famous works of literature about the Pine Barrens is John McPhee's book "The Pine Barrens." McPhee's book is a non-fiction account of the Pine Barrens that explores the region's natural history, its human history, and its folklore.

Another popular work of literature about the Pine Barrens is "The Devil in the Pines" by John Saul. Saul's book is a fictional horror novel about a group of friends who go camping in the Pine Barrens and who are terrorized by the Jersey Devil.

The Pine Barrens Today

The Pine Barrens is a unique and valuable ecosystem that is facing a number of challenges today. The region is threatened by development, pollution, and climate change. However, there are a number of groups working to protect the Pine Barrens, and the region is still a popular destination for hiking, biking, camping, and kayaking.

The Pine Barrens is a place of mystery and beauty that has a rich history and a bright future. The region is a valuable ecosystem that is home to a diverse array of plants and animals, and it is a popular destination for hiking, biking, camping, and kayaking. The Pine Barrens is a place that is worth exploring, and it is a place that will continue to fascinate people for years to come.



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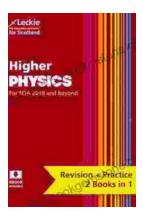


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